Hoath Parish Neighbourhood Plan Questionnaire: The results

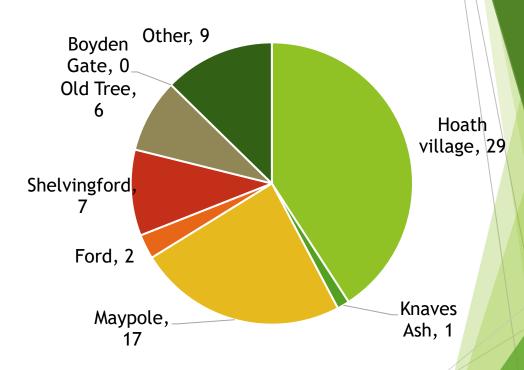
May-August 2025

This presentation is a summary. Full detail can be found in the report of aggregate data

Where relevant, percentages are of those who expressed an opinion. So excluding "blanks" from the report's data

General Information

- ▶71 Replies (Q1)
- ▶125 residents (Q4)
- ▶23% < 50 yrs old ; 42% 50-70 ; 35%
- > 70 (Q4)
- ▶Broad representation across the village (Q3)
- ▶94% of respondents support the Neighbourhood Plan process (Q1)
 - ▶ Differing levels of engagement and availability (Q2)



Community feeling



96% of respondents generally feel safe in Hoath (Q36)



83% agree that the streets and public spaces offer a safe environment (Q35)

For all the high concern about speeding through the village



But 71% are unsure whether levels of crime are decreasing (Q36)

Landscape, Green Space and Environment



Protection and Conservation (Q5A - Q7C)

- > 350 individual comments
- Highly alert to local parish features
- Views from Hoath, views within Hoath between hamlets
- People generally live here to continue and preserve rural life
- Concerned about external stakeholders and their commitment to conservation / preservation

All of the above, including East Blean Woods, Church, Maypole, Old Tree, Shelvingford, Nethergong-Sarre Penn Valley, Rushbourne (and much more)

Statistics

- ~90% want all existing gaps between settlements preserved (Q8A)
- ▶ 85% want open spaces defined as Green Gaps to preserve settlement integrity (Q8B)
- 94% want the preservation of dark skies (Q10)
 - ▶ With some comment that access to carpark could be better lit
 - ▶ 88% are against street lighting (Q36)
- 97% want preservation of natural environment (Q11)
 - ▶ Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs) frequently mentioned

All parish landscape features have natural and visual significance. They form part of our national and local heritage. They need protection to preserve this heritage. Of special historical significance are the open fields, medieval field structure and drainage systems

All the areas require a measure of protection, but development is inevitable. The focus should be on the areas that can be developed without damaging the landscape to any great degree. Our view is that Maypole airfield should be considered as probably the only area for sensible commercial and residential development

Public Rights of Way (PROW)

- ▶ 64% of respondents are satisfied with rights of way (Q9A)
- ▶ 55% would support multi-use (Q9B)
- 73% support reinstatement (Q9C)
 - ► Concern about creeping development / privatisation
 - Concern about cost of reinstatement and maintenance

Lack of maintenance

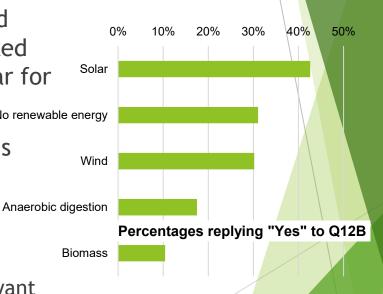
Do we still have a parish PROW warden?

Some are obstructed, farmers do not always reinstate after ploughing, CH37 needs maintenance, CB524 often impassable, CB99 has a fence across it, CB98 hasn't been marked for years

Too many bikes can be a problem, Bikes have national routes, they don't mix with walkers and horses in countryside, nor do loose dogs. Bad for wildlife, nesting birds etc

Energy production

- 26% support renewable energy in the parish;52% oppose; 22% Unsure (Q12A)
- Solar and wind are preferred over Biomass and Anaerobic Digestion (Q12B)
- Solar is popular on private homes (94%) and public buildings (84%). It is much more mixed for the car park (54%) and deeply unpopular for quality farmland (91% opposition) (Q12C) No renewal
- <20% support batter energy storage systems (BESS) (Q12D)
- 94% support working with landowners to support climate resilience (Q13)
 - An implication from replies is that people want landowners to work with parishioners, part of a general them including PROWs



Only for supply and use of parish, On new and public buildings, not fields

There should be some benefit to Hoath residents to compensate for lack of amenity

Not on agricultural land

I don't agree with the solar farm

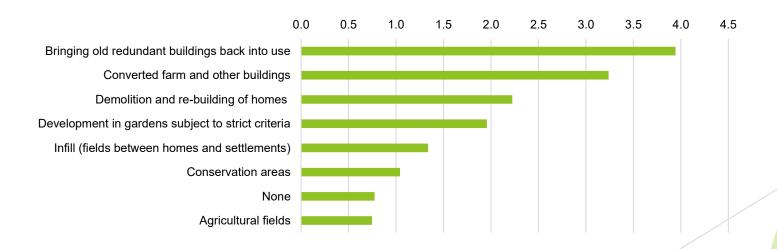
Local landowners seem to have no interest in climate resilience

These should be built on brownfield sites. Wind should be offshore only. Solar on farmland: absolutely not! Quality farmland provides the UK with an element of food security



Future development

- Renovating and converting existing buildings is vastly preferred over infill, conservation areas and agricultural land (Q15)
 - Infill may depend on scale and extent to which it affects gaps between hamlets



Specific developments

- ▶ 70% opposed to the Church Farm development proposal (15% / 15% for / unsure) (Q14)
- General opposition to Maypole airfield development.
 - No precise statistics. Qualitatively, opinion seems similar to Church Farm. Some minority support.
- Concern about unpermitted development and lack of enforcement of infringements
- Within low popularity overall, Bungalows and semi-detached ("affordable"?) preferred over retirement / care / flats (Q18)

No large-scale estates ever

Re-building of homes if not outsize for site

Infill - as long as it is proportionate to the surroundings

Starter homes to keep young residents in the village

Not on farmland

The entire area has low water pressure and cannot sustain residential development, The entire area has a low electrical network and cannot support any further development

Development should be considered where the owner of the site requested it

Design Standards (Q19)

- Popular: Features in keeps;
 Rainwater harvesting;
 Hedgerows; Biodiversity in gardens
- Unpopular: Wooden window frames; Integrated bicycle stands; Dormer windows; pitched roofs; space for home working
 - Most answers were "yes"
- Seeking quality, care, sustainability, climate resilience, consistency

All development to be looked at on a case by case basis

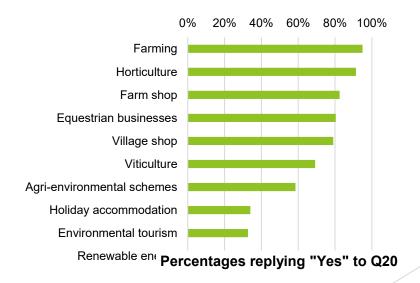
No more housing, there is so much locally, the infrastructure does not support it i.e. roadways etc, It will soon be part of one big urban sprawl

Seems pointless section as we will have no say. Building regs etc. Some of the questions are non-sensical. I have commented on section I consider relevant



Areas for development

- Respondents are highly supportive of land being developed for farming, horticulture, equestrian and farm / village shopping (Q20)
 - Some comments about the pre-existing farm shop and failure of previous village shop
- Respondents are unsupportive tourism and renewable energy
- All respondents want Best & Most Versatile (BMV) farmland protected for agricultural use (Q22)



Farming is what can make or break a community

Pub ... We should also support our two existing public houses

Renewable energy - only if solar panels on roofs not farms

Two farm shops already

Farming: heavy vehicles need to be managed properly. Farming is important to the village but the way it is managed in the parish is destroying its character by lack of care to road use

Village shop not financially viable on current use

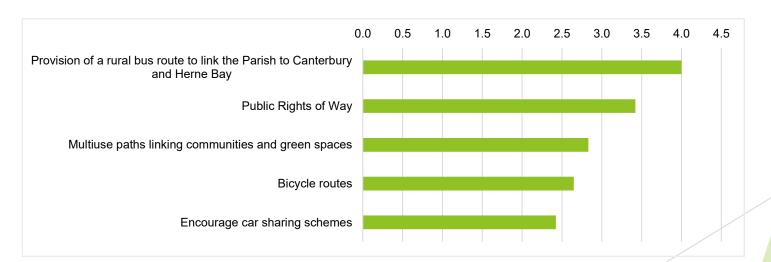
Other ideas (Q21) No single theme

- Fishing lake with pedestrian access
- Parish summer fayre,
 Entertainment Village Green,
 Saturday markets
- Agriscience hub, education on environmental issues
- Public transport
- Small scale homebased enterprises within existing premises (coffee refining, honey production etc) are acceptable
- Don't waste money



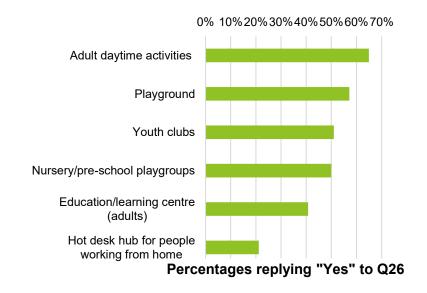
Local services

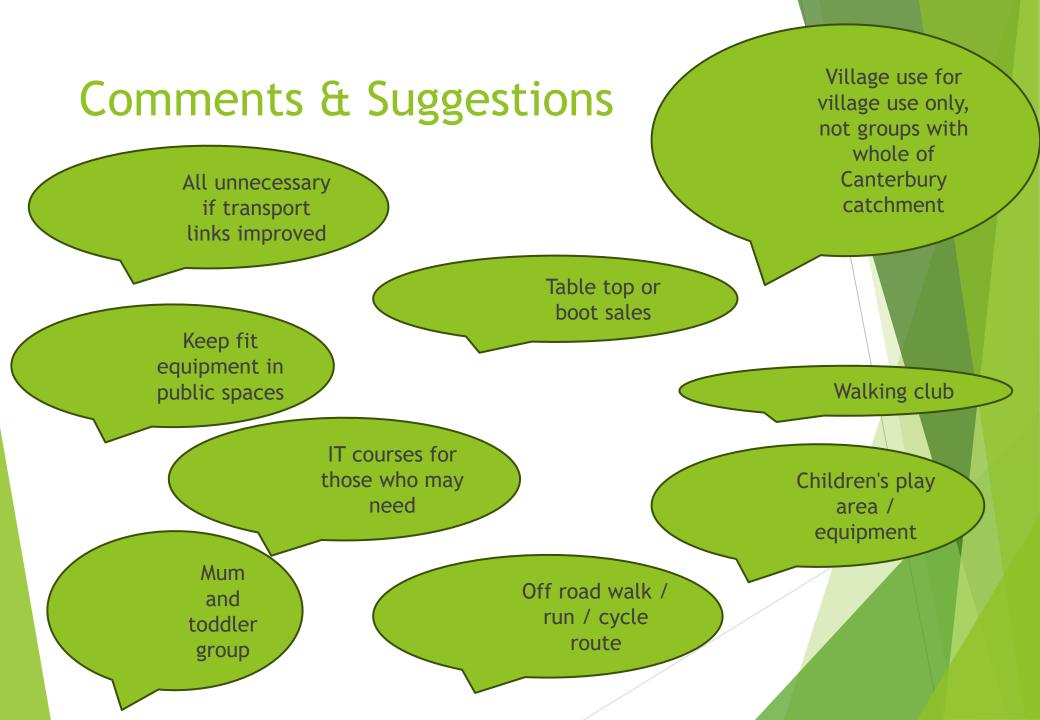
- ▶ 79% of respondents are satisfied with local services and amenities in general (Q23)
- Provision of bus routes highly popular (Q24)
- Multi-use / cycling more mixed responses
 - Concern more about use and impact with pedestrians



Local services (cont'd ...)

- Mixed views about whether health / wellbeing facilities are adequate (Q25)
- Adult and children's recreational facilities are popular. Adult education and work facilities less popular (Q26). Wide variety of views expressed in the comments (Q27)
- Paddock mentioned but not overwhelmingly (Q34)







Traffic

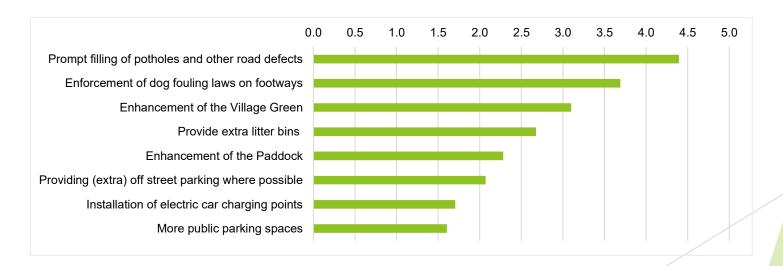
Safety

Road safety

- ▶ 88% of respondents agree that road safety is a problem in the parish (Q30)
- ▶ 26% believe that congestion is a problem (Q31)

School times most frequently flagged

- ▶ 82% believe that speed is a problem (Q32)
 - Maypole Road, Hoath Road, Ford Hill, Marley Lane, Hicks Forstal commonly flagged
- ▶ Potholes, road damage, litter frequently flagged (Q29, Q34)



Suggestions

- Reduced speed limits
- ► Enforcement, cameras
- Traffic calming (speed bumps)
- Signage

[Congestion] School times only, Digestate pit and large vehicular traffic.

Terrible road damage ... Most roads in village damaged by diversionary traffic volumes

Litter thrown from cars, cars / motorbikes with deliberately noisy exhausts, speeding, damage to verges from large tractors

Our local roads are seeing significant increase in vehicles using them as "rat runs" and access to and from housing developments in surrounding areas.



If we had to focus on just one thing ... (Q39)

- ► The loss of prime agricultural land, green spaces and views. This is the heritage of Hoath and a valuable resource that risks being lost in the planned "solar farm"
- Building control: only sensible planning. Planning conservation applied correctly please. Stop houses being built on farmland!!
- No to Solar! Protecting our environment for residents and wildlife
- Traffic speed and volume. Bad roads. Roads are too narrow and in poor condition for such speed
- Bus service followed by protect green / agricultural land. The children of the parish of all ages do not have a gathering place or anything to do. The elderly people do not have public transport to go to the city.
- Keeping Hoath as a small rural village. It would be wonderful if Hoath could remain the same quiet rural agricultural area unspoilt by development!

Conclusions from the Parish Counc

Discussion

Last Words

"Rural life is beautiful, unique and cannot be replaced ... We all need to work with each other to protect and enhance our parish, the landscape and environment, promote biodiversity to create a clear shared vision for the future"